DSP-14 / 15

Technical Information

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Fonts

Italics and **bold** type are used for the title of a document or to emphasize text passages.

Passages written in Courier show text which is visible on the display as well as software menu selections.

"< >" refers to keys on your computer keyboard (e.g. <RETURN>).

Note

Text following the "NOTE" symbol describes important features of the respective product.

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Revision History

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Note:

The cover of this document shows the current revision status and the corresponding date. Since each individual page has its own revision status and date in the footer, there may be different revision statuses within the document.

Drawings that are in the appendix have their own revision history.

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1 Description DSP-14 / 15

There are various versions of the separate TFT-display:

- 1. Size of the TFT-cutout:
 - Diagonal 14" / 35,6 cm
 - Diagonal 15" / 38 cm
- 2. Design of the front panel:
 - IP65
 - Chemically antireflection coated protection glass
 - Touch screen
- 3. Installation:
 - with mounting pins from the back
 - with continuous screws from the front
- 4. VGA transmission method:
 - VGA (D-Sub 15 pin HD)
 - RGB
 - Panellink
- 5. Power supply:
 - 15 24 V

1.1 Technical specifications

1.1.1 Electrical characteristic data

Resolution: - XGA mode (1024 x 786)

automatical identification and switch-over

- representation of VGA/SVGA text / graphics mode

by horizontal extension

Input signals: - VGA (D-Sub 15 pin HD)

RGB (optional)
Panellink (optional)

Colour resolution: 16 million colours, 256 gray levels

Frequency range: - Vertical frequency

1024 x 786 max. 60 Hz

- Line frequency 30 - 50 kHz

- Pixel frequency 24 – 70 MHz

Voltage supply: 15-24 V

Current consumption: 900 mA

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1.1.2 Resistance of the front panel foil (Autotex)

Autotex is based on a biaxially oriented polyester foil and therefore has a better resistance to solvents. It is thicker and more durable than other commonly used foils for membrane keyboards and front panels, as e.g. polycarbonate and PVC.

Autotex is resistant according to DIN 42 115 part 2 to the following chemicals during a reaction for more than 24 hours without visible changes:

Ethanol	Formaldehyde 37%-42%	Trichloroethane
Cyclohexanol	Acetaldehyde	Ethyl acetate
Diacetone alcohol	Aliphatic carbon hydrides	Diethyl ether
Glycol	Toluol	N-Butyl acetate
Isopropanol	Xylol	Amyl acetate
Glycerine	Diluents (white spirit)	Butylcellosolve
Methanol		Ether
Triacetine		
Dowandol DRM/PM		
Acetone	Formic acid <50%	Chlorine natron < 20%
Methyl ethyl ketone	Ethanoic acid < 50%	Hydrogen peroxide < 25 %
Dioxan	Phosphoric acid < 30%	Potassium soap
Cyclohexanone	Hydrochloric acid < 36%	Detergent
MIBK	Nitric acid < 10%	Tensides
Isophorone	Sulphuric acid < 10%	Softener
		Ferrous chlorine (FeCl2)
		Ferric chlorine (FeCl3)
		Dibutyl phthaloate
		Dioctyl phthalate
		Sodium carbonate
Ammonia < 40%	Drill emulsions	
Caustic soda < 40%	Diesel oil	
Potassium hydroxide	Varnish	
Alkali carbonate	Paraffin oil	
Bichromates	Castor oil	
Potassium ferrocyanide	Silicone oil	
Acetonitrile	Turpentine oil substitute	
Sodium bisulphate	Brake fluid	
	Decon	
	Kerosene	
	Petrol	
	Water	
	Saltwater	

Autotex is resistant according to DIN 42 115 part 2 to pure acetic acid during a reaction for less than 1 hour without visible damage.



The product is not resistant to the following chemicals:

Concentrated mineral acids	Benzyl alcohol
Concentrated alkaline lyes	Methylene chloride
High-pressure steam over 100°C	

1.1.2.1 Resistance to domestic chemicals

Autotex is resistant to the following agents during a reaction for 24 hours (at 50°C) without visible damage:

Top Job	Grape juice	Ariel	Ajax
Jet Dry	Milk	Persil	Vim
Gumption		Wisk	Domestos
Fantastic		Lenor	Vortex
Formula 409		Downey	Windex

Very slight discolorations have been detected for the following materials on critical examination:

Mustard Tomato juice Tomato ketchup Lemon juice

1.1.2.2 Environmental values

Lowest temperature of use:

For Autotex, no loss in function has been detected during 0.5 million operations at -40°C.

Highest temperature of use:

Low to middle humidity: 85°C High humidity (> 90% rel.hum.): 40°C

Outdoor use:

Like all foils based on polyester, Autotex is not suitable for long-term exposure to direct sunlight (see Autotex UV).



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Synoptical table concerning resistance to solvents:

Chemicals	Autoflex	Autotex
Ketones	Very good	Good
Esters	Very good	Very good
Alcohol	Very good	Good
Aliphatic carbon hydrides	Very good	Very good
Fluoric chlorine carbon hydrides	Very good	Very good
Organic acids	Very good	Good
Mineral acids (diluted)	Very good	Good
Diluted minerals	Very good	Very good
Öils and greases	Very good	Very good
Food	Very good	Good
Domestic detergents	Very good	Good



2 Description interface card XGA1-V1

With the interface card XGA1_V1, analog VGA-, SVGA and XGA pictures can be represented on a TFT- or plasma display.

The extraction of the pixel clock from the synchronization pulses by means of a PPL allows a direct replacement of the conventional tube monitor by a flat display which is controlled by XGA1_V1.

The user guidance occurs by means of a menu that is faded in on the display.

The user has the possibility to have faded in the logo and address of his company in the user menu.

The setting is normally carried out with 5 keys on the printed-circuit board. It is possible to connect an external keyboard (assignment see figure 1, page 10).

The transformation of the analog signal to a digital signal with 8 bit per colour allows a maximal resolution of 16 million colours.

It is possible to connect displays with a resolution of 640×480 pixels, 800×600 pixels and 1024×768 pixels. The switch-over of the displays is realized by choosing the display type in menu "Mode" or after a RESET with the <Up> or <Down> key.

The format customization in horizontal direction in the text mode of displays with 640 x 480 pixels is realized by the adjustable fade-out of the 9. pixel.

On displays with a resolution of 800×600 and 1024×768 , VGA-pictures (text and graphics mode) are represented by extending in horizontal direction. In vertical direction, the rest of the display is sampled dark. While booting the computer, the picture is extended not ever in vertical direction. This depends on the CPU board you are using.

The interface card is adjusted to the displays with special cables which are contained in the standard accessory.

The picture quality depends on various factors and can be well optimized thanks to the adjustable number of pixels and phase position of the sampling rate of the AD-transformators.

The graphics card of the PC, the cable quality and the cable length also have an important influence on the picture quality. Graphics cards with driver output allow a cable length of up to 50 m with loss of quality.



2.1 Start-up instructions

- 1. Connect the VGA signal
- 2. Apply the supply voltage 15 V up to 24 V (LED1 (internal) must be actuated)

2.1.1 Description of the jumper positions, terminals and pin connectors

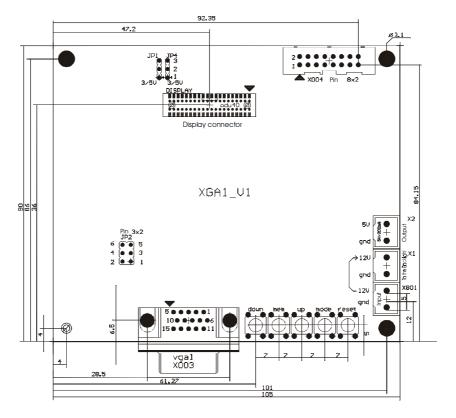


Figure 1: position of the connectors

JP1 Supply voltage for the output drivers

1-2 3,3 V (default)

2-3 5,0 V

JP4 Supply voltage for the display

(adjust according to display manufacturer's specifications)

1-2 3,3 V

2-3 5,0 V

JP2 Synchronizing signal transfer

3-5, 6-4 separated h-sync and v-sync

1-3, 2-4 sync to green (caution: equipment variant)

X801 Input voltage 9 V - 24 V

> The input voltage is connected simultaneously to X1 for the backlight supply. It is to be ensured in the case of connection of a backlight converter that the supply range is kept, normally 12 V (input voltage = 12 V too).

X1 Supply to the backlight converter see X801

5 V connection for supply to external units, max. 200 mA X2



2.1.1.1 Assignment X004

(Pin connector for the connection of an external keyboard and utilization of the power-off signal for the backlight converter)

1	UP	5	DOWN	9	n.c.	13	Input voltage
2	n.c.	6	gnd	10	reset	14	Input voltage
3	mem	7	mode	11	n.c.	15	gnd
4	5 V	8	bl_on	12	bl_on	16	gnd

(All signals low - active)

2.1.2 Key function

Reset:

- with this key, the hardware and software of the card is reset
- the setting values are read from the EE-Prom, so the setting is valid that was stored the last.

Mode:

- with this key, the various adjustment possibilities can be called up
 - colour contrast
 - mode (see table 1, page 13)
 - vertical picture position
 - horizontal picture position
 - fade-out

(with this, you can choose the pixel of a character which is faded out in the text mode (720 x 400) when a display 640 x 480 is connected)

Pixels

	Graphics	Text mode	XGA- mode
Display 1024 x 768	1260	1260	1343

Phase: adjustment of the sampling time for an optimal picture quality

Up:

- with this key, you can set higher count values in each mode, after RESET the display type is incremented with this key.

Save:

with this key, the current setting values can be stored in the EE-Prom

Down:

- with this key, you can set lower count values in each mode, after RESET the display type is decremented with this key.



Double functions:

 by pressing and holding the mode key simultaneously to a short reset, the default setting values are written from E-Prom into EE-Prom without changing the display type.

2.1.3 Setting of the display type

If the display type does not correspond to the connected display or the card is used for the first time, the right type must be set.

This should be done in the graphics mode. Every time the picture is improved, the settings should be stored with the SAVE key because it may happen that the indication becomes too bad. In this case, the RESET key should be pressed.

The following steps are necessary:

- Press RESET
- Then slowly press UP or DOWN about 6 7 times, until the mode number corresponds to the value given in table 1 or just until a good picture becomes visible.
- SAVE
- Press MODE
- Skip MODE-KONTR (KONTR = contrast)
- Press MODE
- Adjust MODE BILD-Vertical (BILD = picture) with UP or DOWN until picture is centered.
- SAVE
- Press Mode
- Adjust MODE BILD-Horizontal (BILD = picture) with UP or DOWN until picture is centered.
- SAVE
- Press MODE
- Skip MODE AUSBL (AUSBL = fade-out)
- Press MODE
- Adjust MODE PIXEL with UP or DOWN according to the table on page 11. In case this isn't possible, change by 1, 2 or 3 in one of the two directions. The picture should start at the left edge. It might be necessary to readjust with BILD-H to make the picture end at the right edge.
- SAVE
- Press MODE
- Press MODE PHASE-AD with UP or DOWN just until an optimal sharpness is achieved. If you can't achieve any sharpness, increment or decrement the number of pixels by one.
- SAVE
- Press MODE
- Skip MODE
- Press MODE
- Adjust desired brightness with MODE KONTR UP or DOWN (KONTR = contrast)
- SAVE
- RESET



The default settings are made by a certain key combination (see page 11).

(If the type no. is changed, the default values for setting of the E-Prom are used; until the memory key is pressed, the preset values in the EE-Prom survive)

Table 1:

Manufacturer	Display type	Resolution	Size	Voltage	Mode no.
SHARP	LQ14	1024 x 768	14,1"	5 V	2
SHARP	LQ15	1024 x 768	15,1"	5 V	2



3 Appendix

3.1 Pin assignment DSP-14 / 15

Connector	Pin	Signal	Colour
Power:	1 2 3 4	15 – 24 V DC GND n. c. n. c.	
VGA:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	75 ohm 75 ohm 75 ohm 75 ohm n. c. GND GND GND GND GND GND GND GND GND CND GND CND CND CND CND CND CND CND CND CND C	red green blue
Touch:		Standard RS232	